Fronts and Storms Vocabulary Words

Vocabulary Word	Actual Definition	Your Definition	Example/Picture
1. Fluid	Anything that flows and fills a		
1. Fluid	container such as a liquid or a gas.		
2. Front	The boundary separating two or		
	more different types of air masses.		
3. Cold Front	On the edge of a cooler air mass,		
	replaces or overtakes a warmer air		
	mass.		
4. Warm Front	On the edge of a warm air mass		
	overtaking a cooler, slower air mass.		
5. Occluded Front	Is formed when a cold front		
	overtakes a warm front and in the		
	process "cuts off" the warm from		
	contact with the ground.		
6. Stationary Front	The boundary between two different		
	air masses, neither of which is strong		
	enough to replace the other.		
7. Air Mass	A huge body of air that forms over a		
	region characterizing it with similar		
	temperature, humidity and pressure		
	at any given height.		
0 11: 1 5	An area where the atmospheric		
8. High Pressure	pressure is greater than the rest of		
System	the atmosphere.		
	An area where the atmospheric		
9. Low Pressure	pressure is lowest compared to the		
System	surrounding area. Storms are called		
	low-pressure cells.		
	Any disturbance in the atmosphere,		
10. Storm	especially affecting its surface, and		
	strongly implying severe weather		
	marked by strong wind, thunder,		
	lightning, and heavy precipitation.		
	A sonic shock wave (sonic boom)		
11. Thunder	created from the rapid expansion and		
	explosion of the air molecules		
	surrounding and within a bolt of		
	lightning, due to increase pressure		
	and temperature.		
12. Lightning	An electrostatic discharge or the		
	sudden and momentary flow of		
	electric charge through the		
	atmosphere between the clouds and		
	the ground.		
	A weather phenomena that results		
13.	from the rapid upward movement of		
Thunderstorm	warm, moist air inside air masses or		
	at fronts.		
	A violent, dangerous, rotating column		
14. Tornado	of air that is in contact with both the		
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	surface of the earth and a	
	cumulonimbus cloud.	
	Another name for a tropical cyclone	
15. Hurricane	that typically forms in the Atlantic	
	Ocean.	
	An offshore rise of water caused	
16. Storm Surge	primarily by high winds pushing on	
	the ocean's surface which force the	
	water to pile up higher than the	
	ordinary sea level.	
	A storm system that develops over	
17. Tropical Cyclone	large bodies of warm water; it is a	
	low pressure system surrounded by	
	rotating thunderstorms that produce	
	strong winds and heavy rain which	
	can also produce high waves,	
	damaging storm surge, as well as	
	spawning tornadoes.	
	A name given to a tropical cyclone	
18. Typhoon	that typically forms in the western	
J.F	Pacific and Indian Oceans.	